In the Claims:

Amendments to the Claims:

The following amended Claim listing replaces all prior versions of the Claims in the application.

Claims 1 - 39. (Canceled)

- 40. (Currently Amended) A solution for use in the preemptive inhibition of restenosis, and selectively for preemptively inhibiting pain/inflammation and/or spasm, during a vascular procedure, comprising a plurality of agents selected from the group consisting of pain/inflammation inhibitory agents, spasm inhibitory agents and restenosis inhibitory agents in a liquid carrier adapted for perioperative delivery to an operative vascular site, wherein each of the agents is included at a concentration of no greater than 100,000 nanomolar, wherein the agents being are selected to act on a plurality of differing molecular targets, and wherein the solution includesing at least one restenosis inhibitory agent selected from the group consisting of: (a) antiplatelet agents selected from the group consisting of (i) direct thrombin inhibitors and receptor antagonists, (ii) purinoceptor receptor antagonists, (iii) thromboxane inhibitors and receptor antagonists and (iv) platelet membrane glycoprotein receptor antagonists; (b) inhibitors of cell adhesion molecules selected from the group consisting of, including (i) selectin inhibitors and (ii) integrin inhibitors; (c) anti-chemotactic agents; (d) interleukin receptor antagonists; and (e) intracellular signaling inhibitors selected from the group consisting of (i) protein kinase C inhibitors and protein tyrosine kinase inhibitors, (ii) modulators of intracellular protein tyrosine phosphatases, and (iii) inhibitors of src homology₂ domains, the concentration of each agent within the solution being the concentration of that agent which is desired to be delivered locally to an operative vascular site in order to achieve a level of inhibitory effect at the operative vascular site and that is less than a concentration which would be required to provide the same level of inhibitory effect at the operative vascular site if the solution was applied systemically.
 - 41. (Canceled)
- 42. (Original) The solution of Claim 40, wherein each of the plurality of agents in the solution is included at a concentration of no greater than 10,000 nanomolar.

- 43. (Original) The solution of Claim 40, wherein the liquid carrier comprises an irrigation fluid.
- 44. (Original) The solution of Claim 40, wherein the liquid carrier is selected from the group consisting of a biocompatible solvent, a suspension, a polymerizable or non-polymerizable gel, a paste and a salve.
- 45. (Original) The solution of Claim 40, wherein the solution includes at least one spasm inhibitory agent.
- 46. (Original) The solution of Claim 45, wherein the at least one spasm inhibitory agent is selected from the group consisting of: serotonin₂ receptor subtype antagonists; tachykinin receptor antagonists; nitric oxide donors; ATP-sensitive potassium channel openers; calcium channel antagonists; and endothelin receptor antagonists.
- 47. (Original) The solution of Claim 46, wherein the at least one spasm inhibitory agent is included at a concentration of: 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for serotonin₂ receptor antagonists; 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for tachykinin receptor antagonists; 1.0 to 10,000 nanomolar for nitric oxide donors; 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for ATP-sensitive potassium channel openers; 1.0 to 10,000 nanomolar for calcium channel antagonists; and 0.01 to 100,000 nanomolar for endothelin receptor antagonists.
- 48. (Original) The solution of Claim 40, wherein the solution includes at least one pain/inflammation inhibitory agent.
- 49. (Original) The solution of Claim 48, wherein the at least one pain/inflammation inhibitory agent is selected from the group consisting of: serotonin receptor antagonists; serotonin receptor agonists; histamine receptor antagonists; bradykinin receptor antagonists; kallikrein inhibitors; tachykinin receptor antagonists including neurokinin₁ receptor subtype antagonists and neurokinin₂ receptor subtype antagonists; calcitonin gene-related peptide receptor antagonists; interleukin receptor antagonists; phospholipase inhibitors including PLA₂ isoform inhibitors and PLCγ isoform inhibitors; cyclooxygenase inhibitors; lipooxygenase inhibitors; prostanoid receptor antagonists including eicosanoid EP-1 receptor subtype antagonists and eicosanoid EP-4 receptor subtype antagonists; leukotriene receptor antagonists

including leukotriene B_4 receptor subtype antagonists and leukotriene D_4 receptor subtype antagonists; opioid receptor agonists including μ -opioid receptor subtype agonists, δ -opioid receptor subtype agonists, and κ -opioid receptor subtype agonists; purinceptor agonists and antagonists including P_{2Y} receptor agonists and P_{2x} receptor antagonists; and ATP-sensitive potassium channel openers.

- The solution of Claim 49, wherein the at least one pain/inflammation 50. (Original) inhibitory agent is included at a concentration of: 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for serotonin receptor antagonists; 0.1 to 2,000 nanomolar for serotonin receptor agonists; 0.01 to 1,000 nanomolar for histamine receptor antagonists; 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for bradykinin receptor antagonists; 0.1 to 1,000 nanomolar for kallikrein inhibitors; 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for neurokinin, receptor subtype antagonists; 1.0 to 10,000 nanomolar for neurokinin₂ receptor subtype antagonists; 1 to 1,000 nanomolar for calcitonin gene-related peptide receptor antagonists; 1 to 1,000 nanomolar for interleukin receptor antagonists; 100 to 100,000 nanomolar for PLA₂ isoform inhibitors; 100 to 200,000 nanomolar for cyclooxygenase inhibitors; 100 to 10,000 nanomolar for lipooxygenase inhibitors; 100 to 10,000 nanomolar for eicosanoid EP-1 receptor subtype antagonists; 100 to 10,000 nanomolar for leukotriene B₄ receptor subtype antagonists; 0.1 to 500 nanomolar for μ-opioid receptor subtype agonists; 0.1 to 500 nanomolar for δ-opioid receptor subtype agonists; 0.1 to 500 nanomolar for κ-opioid receptor subtype agonists; 100 to 100,000 nanomolar for purinoceptor antagonists; and 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for ATP-sensitive potassium channel openers.
- 51. (Currently amended) A solution for use in the preemptive inhibition of restenosis during a vascular procedure, comprising a plurality of restenosis inhibitory agents in a liquid carrier adapted for perioperative delivery to an operative vascular site, wherein the agents being are selected to act on a plurality of differing molecular targets, wherein each of the agents is included at a concentration of no greater than 100,000 nanomolar, and wherein each of the agents is selected from the group consisting of: (a) antiplatelet agents selected from the group consisting of (i) direct thrombin inhibitors and receptor antagonists, (ii) purinoceptor receptor antagonists, (iii) thromboxane inhibitors and receptor antagonists and (iv) platelet membrane glycoprotein receptor antagonists; (b) inhibitors of cell adhesion molecules selected from the group consisting of (i) selectin inhibitors and (ii) integrin inhibitors; (c) anti-chemotactic agents; (d) interleukin receptor antagonists;

(e) intracellular signaling inhibitors selected from the group consisting of (i) protein kinase C inhibitors and protein tyrosine kinase inhibitors, (ii) modulators of intracellular protein tyrosine phosphatases, and (iii) inhibitors of src homology₂ domains; and (f) and calcium channel antagonists the concentration of each agent within the solution being the concentration of that agent which is desired to be delivered locally to an operative vascular site in order to achieve a level of inhibitory effect at the operative vascular site and that is less than a concentration which would be required to provide the same level of inhibitory effect at the operative vascular site if the solution was applied systemically.

- (Canceled) 52.
- The solution of Claim 51, wherein each of the plurality of agents in 53. (Original) the solution is included at a concentration of no greater than 10,000 nanomolar.
- The solution of Claim 51, wherein the liquid carrier comprises an 54. (Original) irrigation fluid.
- The solution of Claim 51, wherein the liquid carrier is selected from 55. (Original) the group consisting of a biocompatible solvent, a suspension, a polymerizable or non-polymerizable gel, a paste and a salve.
- The solution of Claim 51, wherein the solution includes at least one 56. (Original) spasm inhibitory agent.
- 57. The solution of Claim 56, wherein the at least one spasm inhibitory (Original) agent is selected from the group consisting of: serotonin₂ receptor subtype antagonists; tachykinin receptor antagonists; nitric oxide donors; ATP-sensitive potassium channel openers; calcium channel antagonists; and endothelin receptor antagonists.
- 58. (Original) The solution of Claim 57, wherein the at least one spasm inhibitory agent is included at a concentration of: 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for serotonin, receptor antagonists; 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for tachykinin receptor antagonists; 1.0 to 10,000 nanomolar for nitric oxide donors; 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for ATP-sensitive potassium channel openers; 1.0 to 10,000 nanomolar for calcium channel antagonists; and 0.01 to 100,000 nanomolar for endothelin receptor antagonists.

- 59. (Original) The solution of Claim 51, wherein the solution includes at least one pain/inflammation inhibitory agent.
- The solution of Claim 59, wherein the at least one pain/inflammation 60. (Original) inhibitory agent is selected from the group consisting of: serotonin receptor antagonists; serotonin receptor agonists; histamine receptor antagonists; bradykinin receptor antagonists; kallikrein inhibitors; tachykinin receptor antagonists including neurokinin₁ receptor subtype antagonists and neurokinin, receptor subtype antagonists; calcitonin gene-related peptide receptor antagonists; interleukin receptor antagonists; phospholipase inhibitors including PLA2 isoform inhibitors and PLC, isoform inhibitors; cyclooxygenase inhibitors; lipooxygenase inhibitors; prostanoid receptor antagonists including eicosanoid EP-1 receptor subtype antagonists and eicosanoid EP-4 receptor subtype antagonists and thromboxane receptor subtype antagonists; leukotriene receptor antagonists including leukotriene B₄ receptor subtype antagonists and leukotriene D₄ receptor subtype antagonists; opioid receptor agonists including μ-opioid receptor subtype agonists, δ-opioid receptor subtype agonists, and κ-opioid receptor subtype agonists; purinceptor agonists and antagonists including P_{2 Y} receptor agonists and P_{2x} receptor antagonists; and ATP-sensitive potassium channel openers.
- 61. (Original) The solution of Claim 60, wherein the at least one pain/inflammation inhibitory agent is included at a concentration of: 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for serotonin receptor antagonists; 0.1 to 2,000 nanomolar for serotonin receptor agonists; 0.01 to 1,000 nanomolar for histamine receptor antagonists; 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for bradykinin receptor antagonists; 0.1 to 1,000 nanomolar for kallikrein inhibitors; 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for neurokinin₁ receptor subtype antagonists; 1.0 to 10,000 nanomolar for neurokinin₂ receptor subtype antagonists; 1 to 1,000 nanomolar for calcitonin gene-related peptide receptor antagonists; 1 to 1,000 nanomolar for interleukin receptor antagonists; 100 to 100,000 nanomolar for PLA₂ isoform inhibitors; 100 to 200,000 nanomolar for cyclooxygenase inhibitors; 100 to 10,000 nanomolar for lipooxygenase inhibitors; 100 to 10,000 nanomolar for leukotriene B₄ receptor subtype antagonists; 0.1 to 500 nanomolar for μ-opioid receptor subtype agonists; 0.1 to 500 nanomolar for both to 500 nanomolar for μ-opioid receptor subtype agonists; 0.1 to 500 nanomolar for both to 500 nanomolar for μ-opioid receptor subtype agonists; 0.1 to 500 nanomolar for μ-opioid receptor subtype agonists; 0.1 to 500 nanomolar for both to 500 nanomolar for μ-opioid receptor subtype agonists; 0.1 to 500 nanomolar for μ-opioid receptor subtype agonists; 0.1 to 500 nanomolar for both to 500 nanomolar for both to 500 nanomolar for μ-opioid receptor subtype agonists; 0.1 to 500 nanomolar for both to 500 nanomolar f

nanomolar for κ -opioid receptor subtype agonists; 100 to 100,000 nanomolar for purinoceptor antagonists; and 0.1 to 10,000 nanomolar for ATP-sensitive potassium channel openers.

Claims 62-64. (Canceled)